Life happens - cars break down, kids get sick, people lose jobs. Someday you may have a cash crisis. You may be tempted by quick and easy loans. However, fee and interest charges can make it even more difficult to pay your regular bills the next month. Beware of those who are willing to lend with no questions asked. Here are 10 potential money traps that can snare consumers.

## 4. Car Title Loans

Car title Iending is no longer allowed in Arkansas but is available online and in nearby states. The amount of the loan is usually much less than the value of the car. Interest rates and fees are high. If the money is not repaid on time, the title company will sell your car. Consumers who use car title loans risk losing a valuable asset.

## 5. Layaway Plans

Layaway items are left at the store until paid in full. Service charges and late payment fees can add to the cost. Be sure to keep good records of your payments. If you miss payments, the store may cancel your layaway. You could lose both the item and money you paid.

## 6. Check Cashing Charges and Money Orders

Without a checking account, the costs of cashing paychecks and money orders can add up. If you pay $\$ 5$ to cash a weekly paycheck, you would be paying $\$ 260$ by the end of the year. Four money orders per month, at an average cost of $\$ 3$ each, would total $\$ 144$ a year. Compare services in your area to find the lowest fees, or open a bank or credit union account.

## 7. Overdraft and Late Payments

Careless bill paying habits can be expensive. Both the merchant and the bank can charge for each bounced check. Many lenders charge a fee for late payments. Keep a careful eye on due dates. Know your account balance.

## 8. Rent-to-own Plans

You will own the item only after you make all of the payments stated in the contract. Rent-to-own plans cost three to four times as much as paying cash and twice as much as using regular credit. Also, if you miss a payment, the store can come and take the items, and you will have nothing to show for the payments made.

## 9. Advance-fee Loan Scam

Con artists place ads in the newspaper or online. They may call on the phone. They promise a loan, but you have to pay a service fee in advance. In the end, you don't receive a loan and you're out the cost of the service fee. Don't get loans this way.

## 10. High-interest Credit Cards

Using high-interest credit is risky. It's easy to charge but often hard to come up with more than the minimum payment. Assume you have a balance of $\$ 1,000$ with an annual percentage rate (APR) of $25 \%$ and pay only $\$ 40$ a month. It will take you 36 months - 3 years - to pay off the debt, and you will pay $\$ 431.25$ in interest. Look for low-interest credit cards instead and pay more than the minimum when you can.

## What can I do?

Avoid money traps by being prepared to deal with a crisis. Spend carefully. Shop wisely. Save for the future. You never know when the next money crisis will come up. It helps to have funds set aside for emergencies. Below is a handy checklist of tips and tricks that you can use to help avoid money traps and save for a rainy day.

## $\checkmark$ Money Management Checklist to Help Avoid Money Traps

## MONEY MANAGEMENT TOOL

Have an emergency fund to help avoid taking out a quick loan.

| Save sick days at work to be used for emergencies. |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Use part of raises to build a savings fund. |  |
| Trim expenses by comparison shopping, using coupons and buying <br> second-hand. |  |
| Trim unnecessary expenses to have more money for necessities. |  |
| Maintain a good credit score to qualify for credit and loans with the <br> lowest rates. |  |
| Save up and pay in full instead of paying fees and interest for rent-to- <br> own, layaway or credit. |  |
| Pay |  |

Pay bills on time to avoid late fees.
Watch account balance to avoid overdraft fees.
Use a bank to avoid check cashing and money order fees.
File taxes electronically and/or use a free tax service to avoid refund anticipation Ioan fees.

## Contributors

FCS Agents who assisted with the previous Money Talks series and The Great Money Mystery series; Megan Wells, M.S., Program Associate University of Arkansas System Division of Agriculture Cooperative Extension Service.

## Author

Laura Hendrix, Ph.D., Accredited Financial Counselor ${ }^{\ominus}$, Associate Professor Personal Finance, University of Arkansas System Division of Agriculture Cooperative Extension Service.

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