

United States Department of Agriculture, University of Arkansas, and County Governments Cooperating



Meet Yourself Halfway

There are two ways to meet difficulties. You alter the difficulties or you alter yourself to meet them.

— Phyllis Bottome

If you want to improve your health and build wealth, downsize your eating and spending. This does not mean being deprived of things you enjoy. People can lose weight and still eat their favorite foods by decreasing their portion sizes. A comparable financial example is reducing spending on "discretionary" expenses such as meals eaten away from home, clothing and lottery tickets. In other words, not cutting out these items completely but spending half of what you did before. Any reduction in calories (to lose weight and reduce the risk of disease) and spending (to save money or reduce debt) is a step in the right direction, and the **meeting yourself halfway** strategy can make a real impact over time.

Downsizing portion sizes is a great way to counteract the "super-sizing" trend in food and beverage marketing that has taken place over the past two decades. For example, in the mid-1980s, typical bagels were 3 inches in diameter and had 140 calories. Today, they are 6 inches in diameter with 350 calories. Similarly, bottles of soda have mushroomed from 6.5 ounces and 85 calories to 20 ounces and 250 calories. Large portion sizes are so common today that many consumers view them as "normal," even though they greatly exceed the serving sizes seen on nutrition labels. For example, a 20-ounce soda has 2.5 servings, but most people drink it as one. Taking proactive steps to decrease portion sizes will help cut your caloric intake.

Many people were raised to eat everything on their plates. Research indicates that people who are served more often eat more. In one study by Dr. Barbara Rolls, author of *Volumetrics: Feel Full on Fewer Calories*, subjects ate 10 ounces when offered a 16-ounce portion of macaroni and 15 ounces when offered a 25-ounce portion, a 50 percent increase! Meeting yourself halfway is a simple way to fight back. Pick several foods and beverages you consume every day and eat or drink half your current portion size. If you are used to eating two 90-calorie chocolate chip cookies at lunch, eat one. Ditto for that 1-cup dish of of ice cream. Eat ½ cup. Pay attention to nutrition facts labels on food, and use them to determine how many calories you are eating from a food item. You can also determine how many calories are saved by eating half a package now and saving the other half for later. Often, a package of food contains several servings anyway. Check to see how many servings are in the package.

Creating a "calorie deficit" of 500 calories per day by reducing calories, increasing physical activity or a combination of the two (e.g., 300 fewer calories eaten and 200 more burned with exercise) is the most effective route to long-term weight loss. Below are other ways to eat smaller food portions:

- Order lunch portions, half portions or appetizers at restaurants, instead of entrees.
- Order an entrée and take half home for another meal, which also saves you money.
- Order an entrée and share it. The "plate charge" is usually cheaper than another entrée.
- Eat one half of any packaged food item (e.g., cookie) instead of the entire item.
- Ask for sauces and dressings "on the side" so you can control the amount eaten.

When it comes to personal finances, apply the same principle. Cut your discretionary expenses in half. Spend less so that you can save more. This strategy of "finding" money to save by reducing small expenses has been referred to as The Latte FactorTM by David Bach in his book *The Automatic Millionaire*. "The Latte Factor" is a trademarked phrase that uses fancy \$4 coffees as a metaphor for all types of frivolous, discretionary spending that adds up over time. In the book, Bach describes a former student, Kim, with a \$5 a day double nonfat latte and nonfat muffin habit. Figuring a 10 percent annual return on this money, if it were invested instead in a 401(k) with a 50 percent employer match, Kim, who was 23 at the time, could have about \$1.7 million at age 65.

Financial experts recommend tracking household spending for a month or two to identify "leaks" and "find" money to save or reduce debt. Because we spend money daily, most people do not have an accurate record of where all their money goes by the end of each month. An average person spends money three to five times a day, or about 120 times monthly. This includes small purchases, such as a pack of gum, as well as larger expenses, such as house and car payments and rent.

One way to understand how you spend money is to keep an account of every transaction. A form for doing this can be found in the **Track Your Current Behavior**, **Strategy 1**. Keeping track of the small items you buy will provide an accurate expense record. Many small cash purchases, such as lottery tickets, parking meter money, train tickets, coffee break items, gum, and cigarettes, can add up to considerable monthly amounts. Categorizing expenses will help you see the different areas in which you spend money. You can also calculate what percentage of your income is spent on various items.

Below are some additional strategies to "meet yourself halfway" to increase your wealth:

- Every time your salary increases, contribute half to a 401(k) or other employer savings plan and keep half as a pay raise. Saving half of a 4 percent raise, for example, will increase your payroll contribution by 2 percent. As soon as a raise becomes effective, sign up to "save half and spend half."
- At the beginning of each year, mark your paydays on a calendar and identify the months with "extra" paydays. If you are paid weekly, there are four months with five paydays. If you are paid biweekly, there are two months with three paydays. Monthly expenses usually don't increase much during these months, so use at least half of the "extra" income to increase savings or reduce debt.
- Review expenses deducted automatically from your checking account, such as gym memberships, telephone calling features, and premium radio and television channels, and decide whether you're getting your money's worth. If not (e.g., you haven't been to the gym or watched a movie in four months), select a reduced cost option or eliminate the expense entirely.
- Save at least half of all windfalls (e.g., tax refunds), or use them to pay down outstanding debt.

Use the Meet Yourself Halfway – Health, Worksheet 14, and Meet Yourself Halfway – Wealth, Worksheet 15, to make plans to change.

Meet Yourself Halfway – Health

| | Calories in | Calories in | |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Food Item | a Full Portion | a Half Portion | Calories Saved |
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| Total | | | |

Meet Yourself Halfway – Wealth

| Household Expense Item | Cost of Current Spending Per Month | Cost of Spending Half Per Month | Dollars Saved Per Month |
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Action Steps

Health

- Identify a daily calorie savings of at least 100 calories by cutting food and beverage treats in half.
- Purchase a pocket calorie counter book to track the calories in foods that lack nutrition labels.
- Use smaller plates so that servings don't look so small with reduced portion sizes.

Wealth

- Track spending by writing down every cent you spend, and then identify daily discretionary expenses and cut them in half.
- Check the Web sites www.AmericaSaves.org and www.66ways.org for money-saving ideas.
- Institute the "24 Hour Rule." For any expense over \$50, delay spending to give yourself a day to think about it. Ask yourself: Is this expense a need or a want? How do I plan to pay for it?

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